Qualified Long-Term Care Tax Info 2024

Individual	Premiums treated as a medical expense for purposes of itemizing medical expenses. Deductible to the extent that total medical expenses exceed 7.5% of AGI, subject to federal age based premium limits. Premiums can be paid pretax through an HSA.	
Self- Employed	Generally, can deduct all LTCI premiums paid for employees (no limit). May deduct 100% of premium paid for LTCI for self, spouse and dependents without regard to the 7.5% threshold, but subject to the federal age-based premium limits.	
C-Corp	Generally, can deduct all LTCI premiums paid for employees/owners (no limit). There is no requirement that the LTC coverage be provided by the employer on a nondiscriminatory basis. Not subject to age-based limits.	
S-Corp Owner/ Partner	Generally, can deduct all LTCI premiums paid for employees (no limit). The entity deducts the full premium paid on behalf of the owner/partner. The premium is included in the owner/partner's income from self-employment and subject to aged-based premium limits.	

2024 SSI & Spousal Impoverishment Limits

Monthly Maintenance Needs Allowance \$3,854

Due to California's elimination of the asset limit, there will be no more

Community Spouse Resource Allowance nor Home Equity Limit

2024 Medicare Skilled Nursing Facility		2024 Federal Age-Based Limits		
		Age 40 or under	\$470	
		Age 41-50	\$880	
coinsurance	= \$204	Age 51-60	\$1,760	
Part A Deductible	= \$1,632	Age 61-70	\$4,710	
Part B Deductible	= \$240	Age 71 and older	\$5,880	

For producer and financial professional use only. Not for public use or distribution. Your clients should ask their independent tax and legal advisors for advice based on their particular circumstances.

